



HELSINKI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY
Networking Laboratory

Techno-economic analysis of DVB-H business models.

CASE FINLAND

Tuukka Autio

COIN Seminar, 27 February 2007

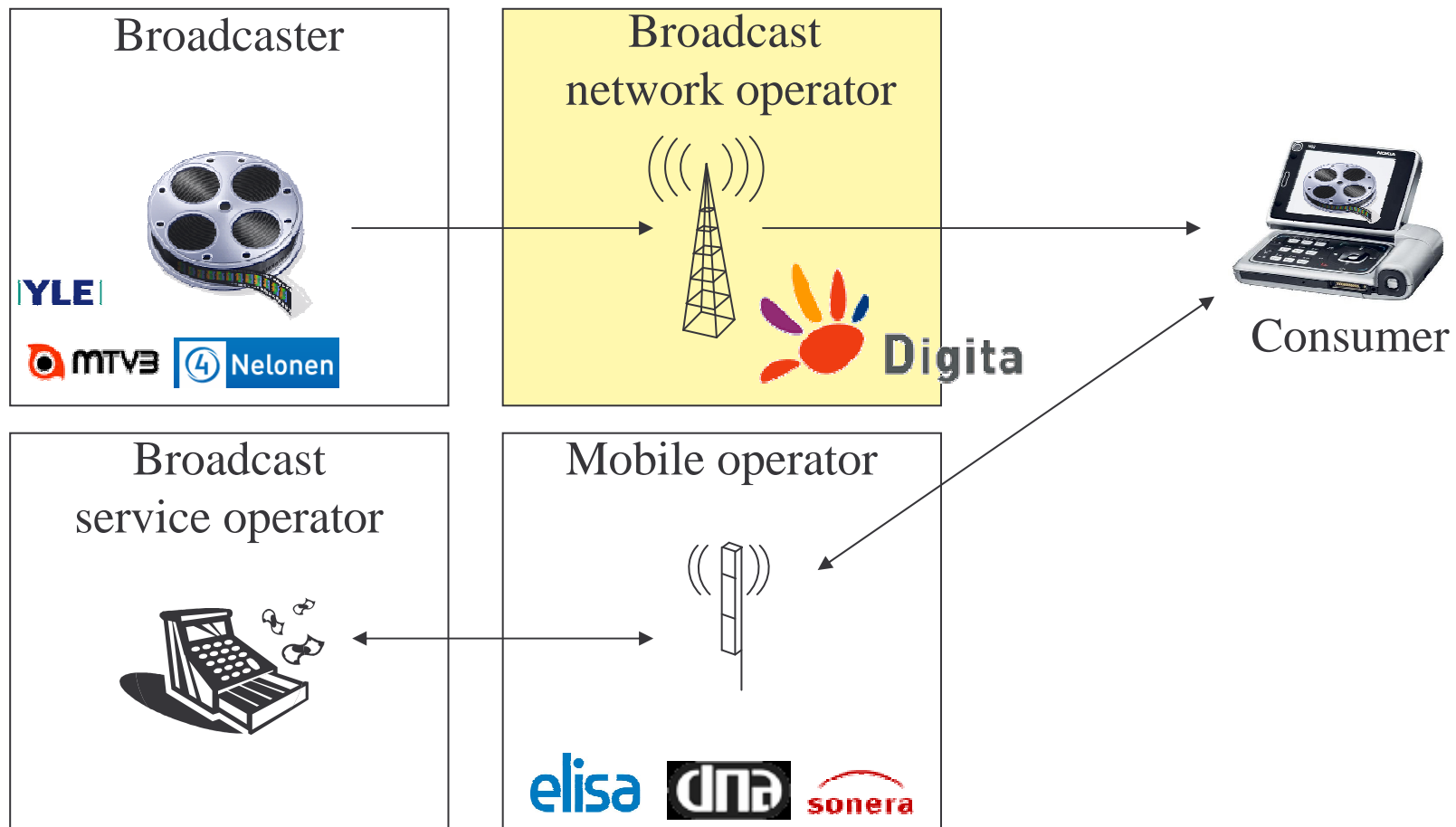


Outline

- Value network review
 - Business roles
 - Different business models
- Business model ranking
 - Methodology
 - Results
- Conclusions



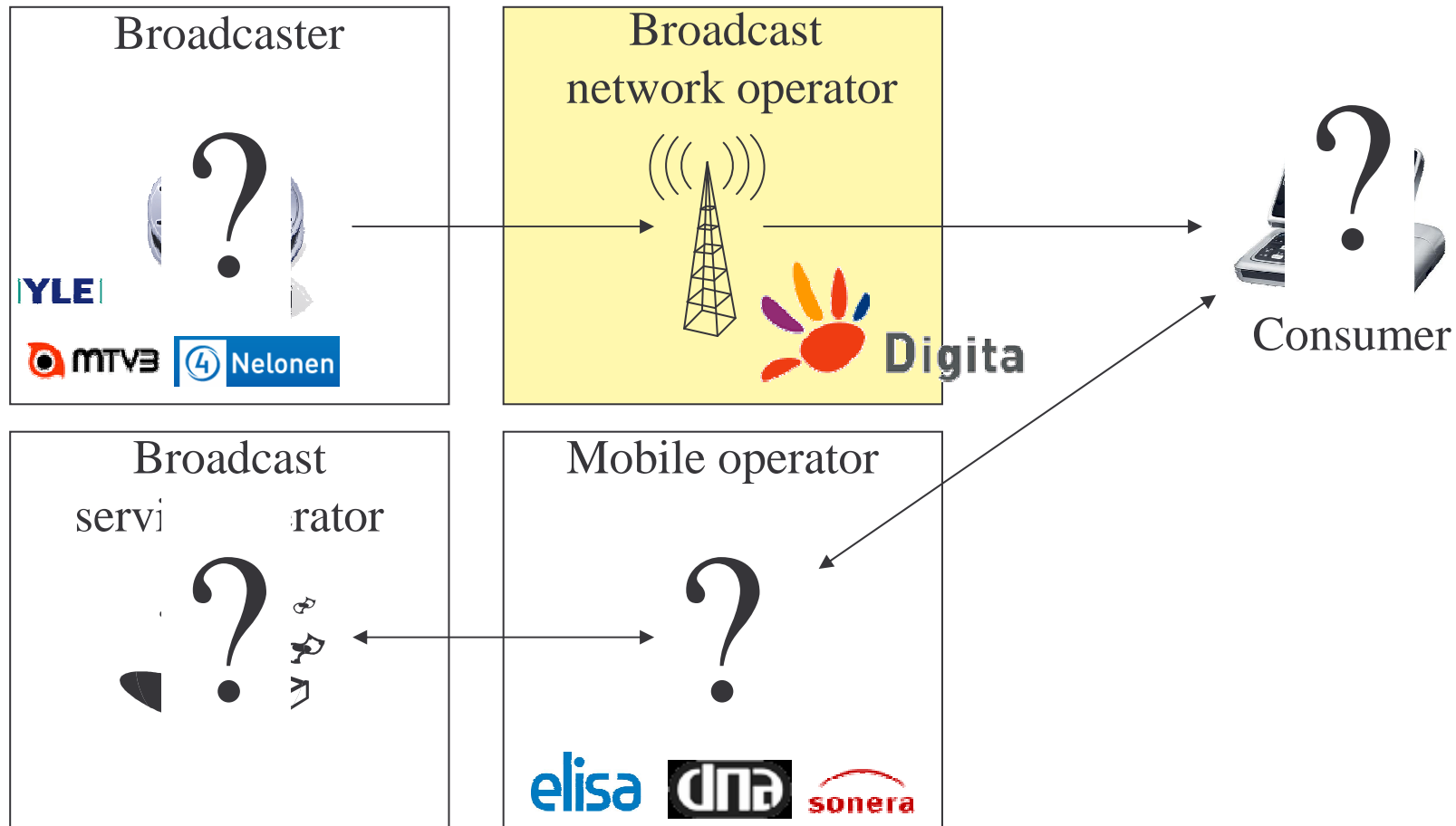
Business roles in the value network



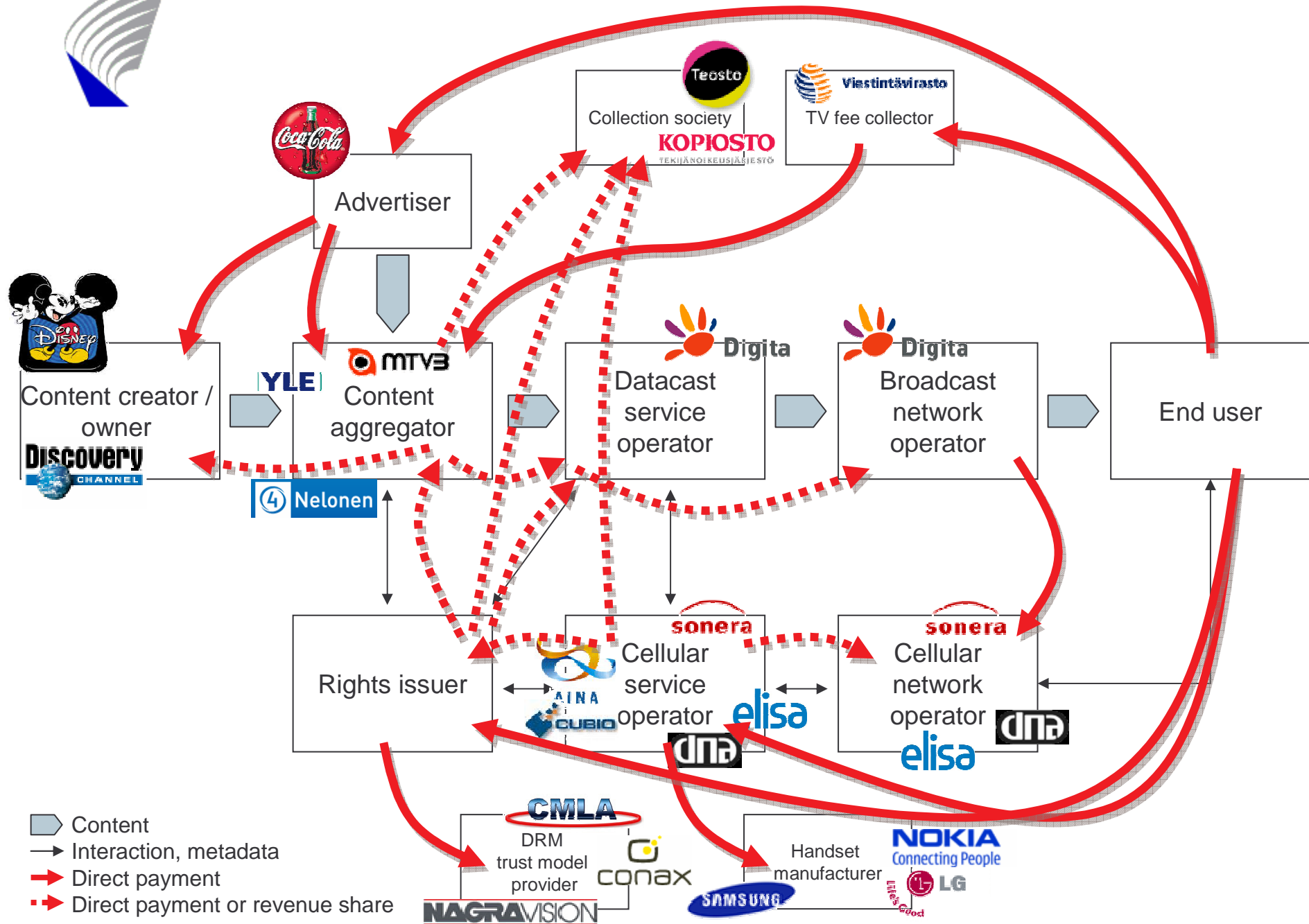


Situation 2/2007

DVB-H network up and running, but no handsets or service operators.



Generic value network

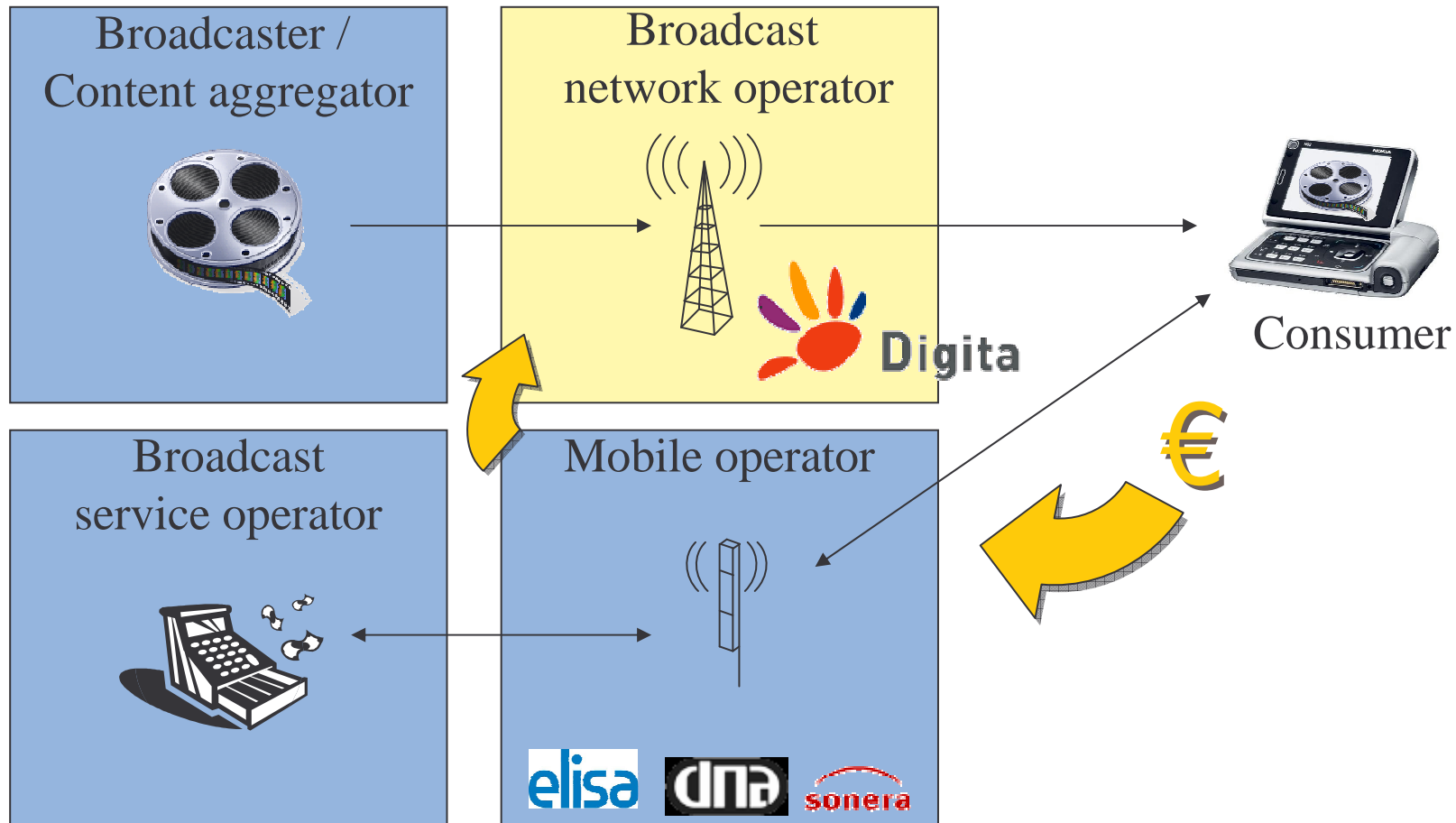




Business model 1:

Mobile operator approach

Mobile operator buys capacity and programming.

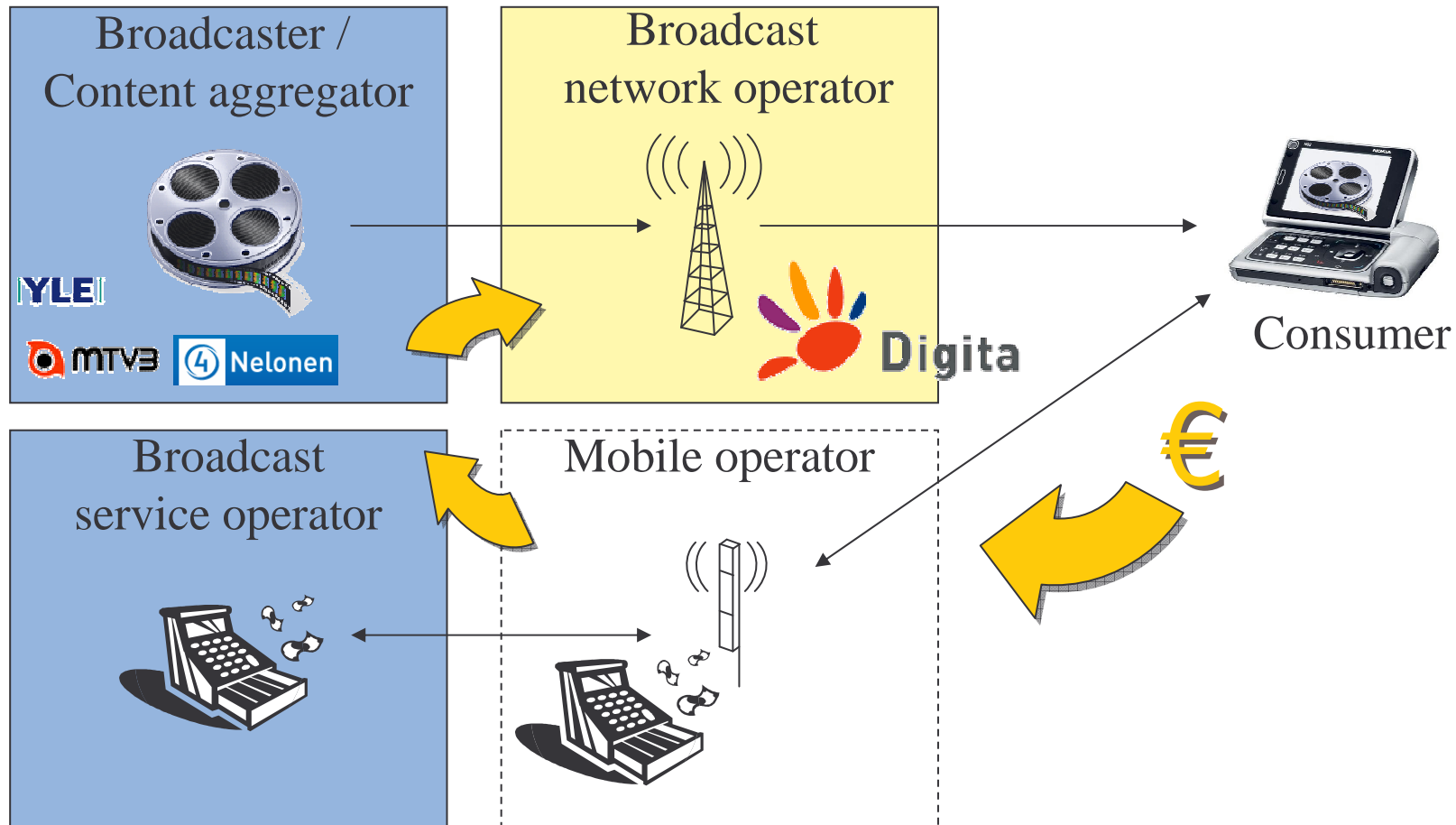




Business model 2:

Broadcaster approach

Broadcaster buys capacity and programming, sells services to consumers directly or indirectly (through mobile operators).

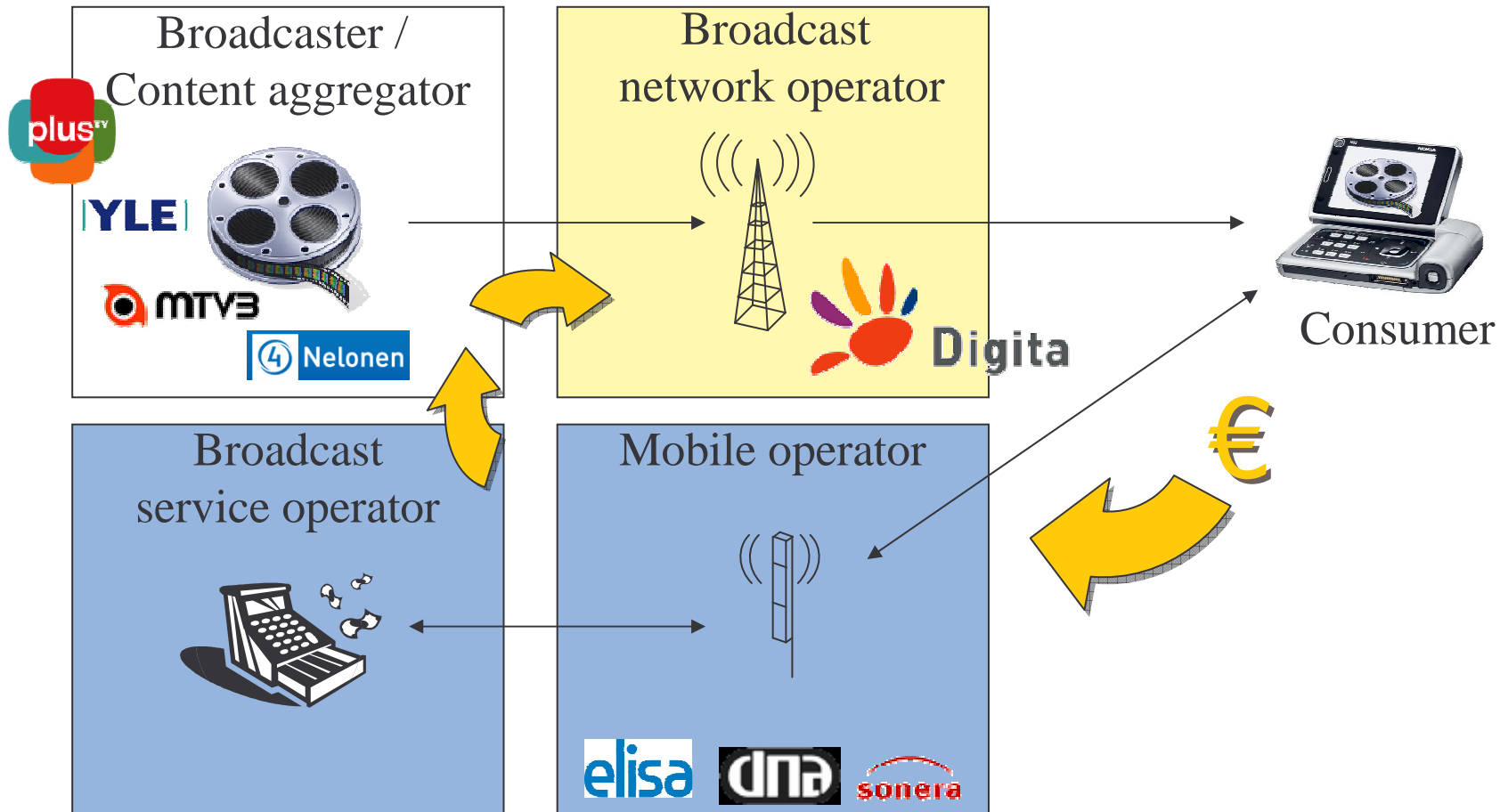




Business model 3:

Co-operation approach

Broadcaster buys capacity and programming, mobile operator sells services to consumers.





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Methodology

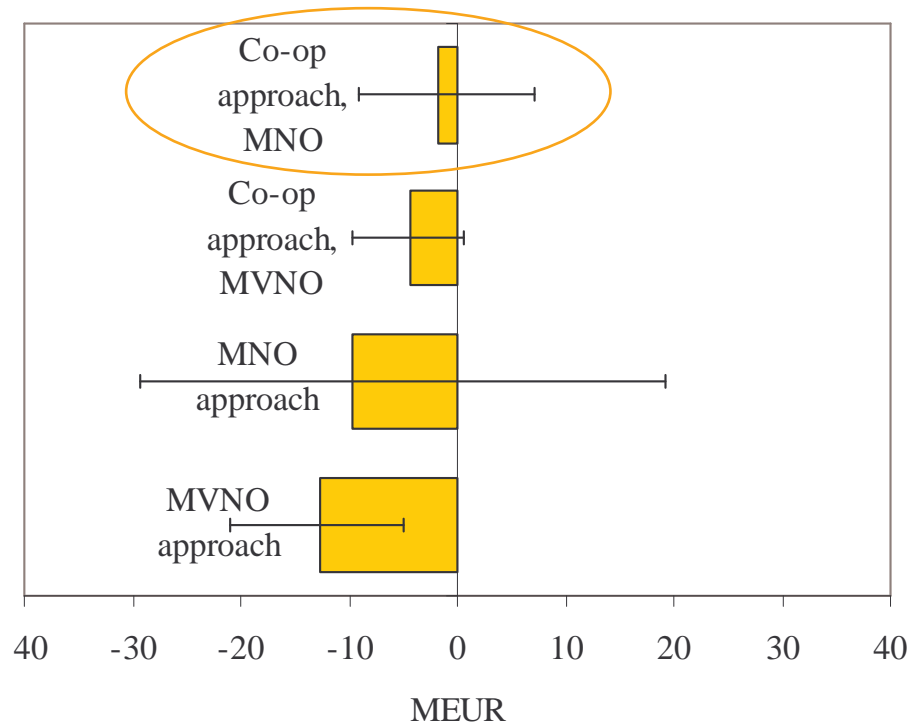
- Ranking is based on a techno-economic model of the value network, created using the ECOSYS methodology and tool.
- Input data for the model was gathered through expert interviews and a literature review.
- Output is a cash flow analysis (NPV, $r=8\%$).
- Study period 2007-2011.



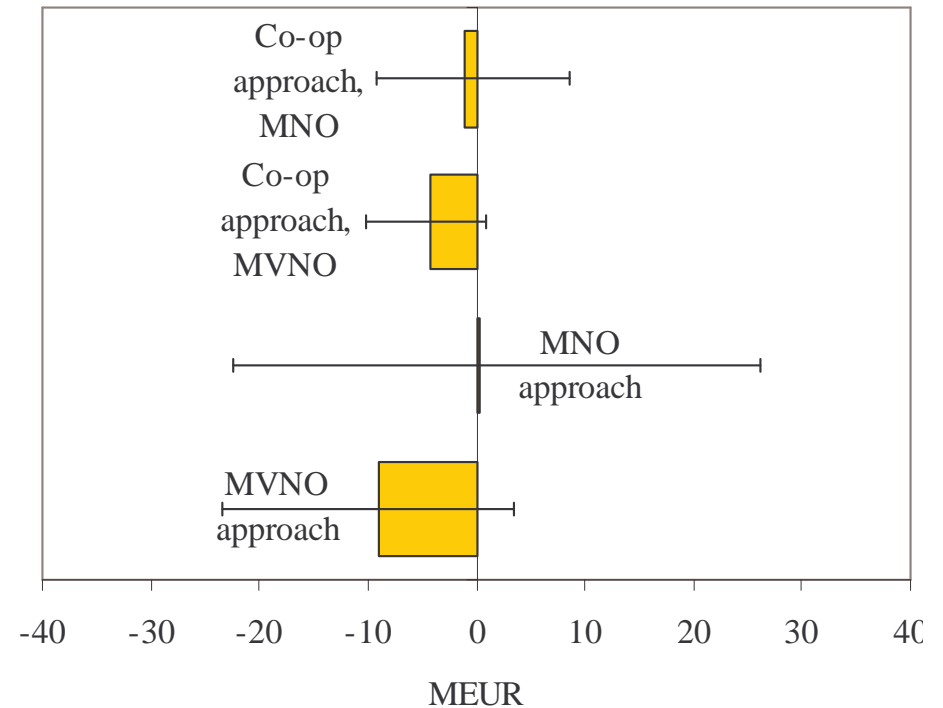
Co-operation approach seems easiest for mobile operators on average, if simulcasts are free.

- Results are less clear, if simulcasts are not free.

Mean NPV [MEUR] and extremes.
Simulcasts are free.



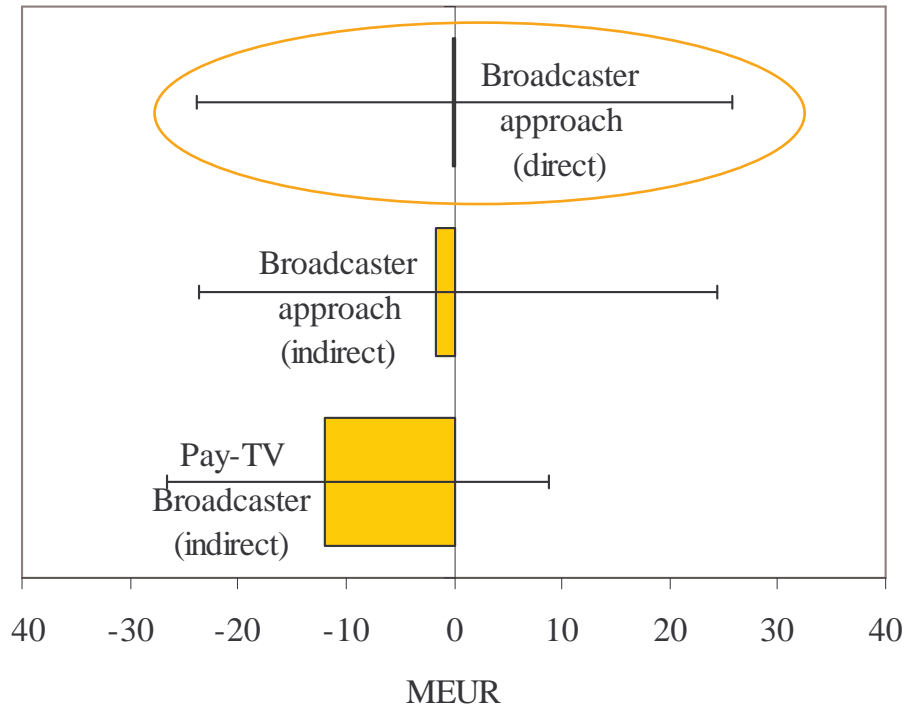
Mean NPV [MEUR] and extremes.
Simulcasts are NOT free.



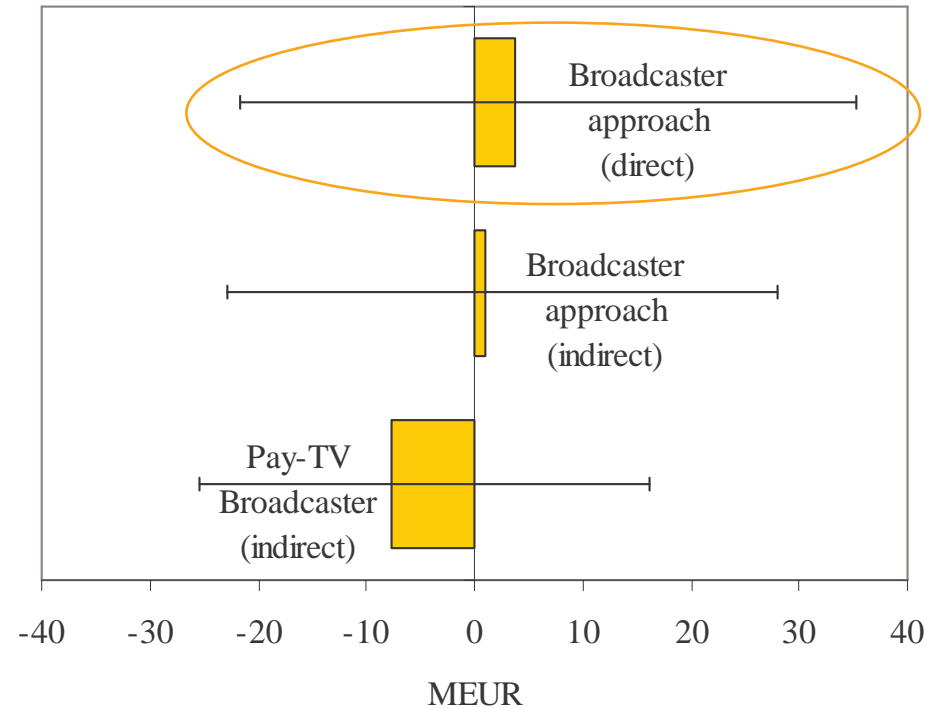


Bypassing mobile operators seems best for broadcasters on average.

Mean NPV [MEUR] and extremes.
Simulcasts are free.



Mean NPV [MEUR] and extremes.
Simulcasts are NOT free.





Summary

- Results support prevailing expectations among experts: DVB-H does not seem a gold mine in Finland - too few people, too many players sharing revenues.
- Co-operation seems easiest for mobile operators, but broadcasters might want to bypass them as a sales channel.
- High DVB-H handset adoption is needed, but quality content and reasonable pricing are vital to sell services.



References

M.Sc. Thesis, work in progress:

”Mobile television service in Finland: a techno-economic analysis.”

Soon available at:

<http://www.netlab.tkk.fi/tutkimus/coin/>