

NAME

Qmd1(), Qnnd1(), Qsdd1() – Virtual waiting time distribution functions

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <queue.h>
```

```
double Qmd1(double x, double rho);
```

```
double Qnnd1(double x, int N, double D);
```

```
double Qsdd1(double x, double *D, long N);
```

DESCRIPTION

delim \$\$ These functions return the virtual waiting time distribution for different queuing models. Parameter x is the amount of unfinished work in the system.

Qmd1() is a model for the M/D/1 queuing system with Poisson arrivals and deterministic (constant) service time. ρ is the load level of the system.

Qnnd1() is the N*D/D/1 queuing system which has constant service time and N deterministic sources with the same period D , so that the load level of system is N/D .

Qsdd1() is the $\sum_{i=1}^D D_i / D$ queuing model for a system with number of deterministic sources N , each having its own period, and a constant service time. Table of periods is given by D .

ALGORITHM

M/D/1 waiting time distribution is calculated using three different algorithms:

When $\rho < 0.3$ and $x < (9 + 15 * \text{Log}_{10}(0.3 / \rho))$ the upper limit formula:

$$\sum_{n=x}^{\infty} \frac{(\rho (n-x))^{n-x}}{n!} e^{-\rho (n-x)} (1 - \rho)^{\rho}$$

is used. Terms are calculated logarithmically to avoid overflow.

If $\rho < 0.3$ and $x > (9 + 15 * \text{Log}_{10}(0.3 / \rho))$ or $\rho > 0.3$ and $x > 8$, $Q(x)$ is approximated by

$$C_0 e^{-r_0 x}, \text{ where}$$

$$C_0 = \frac{1 - \rho}{\rho (e^{r_0} - 1)} \text{ and } r_0 \text{ is solved from}$$

$$\rho (e^{r_0} - 1) - r_0 = 0$$

Otherwise if $\rho > .3$ and $x < 8$, Q is calculated with the upper limit sum using an improved algorithm.

N*D/D/1 waiting time distribution is calculated using the following formula:

$$Q(x) = \sum_{x < n \leq N} \binom{N}{n} \rho^n (1 - \rho)^{N-n} \frac{1 - \rho^{n-x}}{1 - \rho^n} \frac{1 - \rho^{D-n+x}}{1 - \rho^{D-n}}$$

Since the binomials in the formula would get very large, calculation is done by adding the logarithms of each term. These logarithms can be easily derived from previous terms.

$\sum_{i=1}^D D_i / D$ waiting time distribution is given by formula

$$Q(x) = \sum_{n=x}^{\infty} \frac{\psi(z, n)}{\sigma(z, n)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1 - \sum_{j=1}^N \rho_j}{1 - \sum_{j=1}^N \rho_j + p_j z}$$

Values of z are determined from

$$\sum_{i=1}^N p_i z^{n-d} = n - d$$

An approximating function is used to find the value of z .

ERRORS

When ρ is close to 1, **Qmd1()** might give inaccurate results.

SEE ALSO

COST 224: Performance evaluation and design of multiservice networks